Thaindian News

Home

About Us

Top Stories

Tags

Hot Now!

- Tropical storm Sean could soon become a hurricane
- Moscow may have the tallest Ferris wheel in the world
- Tito: Murray should be jailed for life
- Michael Jackson's last words revealed
- Brett Ratner to remake 'Last American virgin'

Categories

- Books
- Business
- Entertainment
- Environment
- Events
- Feature
- Health
- Health Science
- India
- Life Style
- National
- Odd news
- Politics
- Sci-Tech
- South Asia
- Sports
- Technology Industry News
- Thailand
- Thailand Tourism
- World
- World News

Meta

- Register
- Log in
- Entries RSS

Aishwarya

Search

New sonar detects concealed underwater objects

Fri Nov 19 2010 11:43:08 GMT+0000 (格林威治标准时间) by IANS (Leave a comment)



London, Nov 19 (IANS) Scientists have developed a new kind of underwater sonar that can detect objects like reefs and wrecks through bubble clouds that blind conventional sonar.

Just as ultrasound is used in medical imaging, conventional sonar 'sees' with sound. It uses differences between emitted sound pulses and their echoes to detect and identify targets.

These include submerged structures such as reefs and wrecks, and objects, including submarines and fish shoals.

Standard sonar does not cope well with bubble clouds resulting from breaking waves or other causes, which scatter sound and clutter the sonar image, according to a statement of the Institute of Sound and Vibration Research, UK.

Timothy Leighton from the Institute of Sound, who led the research, said: "Better detection and classification of targets in bubbly waters are key goals of shallowwater sonar."

Leighton and his colleagues have developed a new

AdChoices ▷

WASSP Multibeam Sonar

Affordable Swath Bathymetry Is Here -112 beams - 160 kHz -GBP 19200. www.oceanDTM.com

Vet Diagnostic PCR Kits

Sample Prep & qPCR disease kits Control Your Budget.Try Now! appliedbiosystems.com

Hydrographic Survey Tool

Small AUV, Operate from shore Low cost, easy to use, accurate www.iver-auv.com

FW Fencing Ltd

All types of Fencing, Free Quotes. Friendly Reliable Service Hampshire www.fwfencingltd.co.uk

Beach Holidays in Algarve

Europe's most famous secret. You must have heard of its charms! VisitAlgarve.pt

Latest News

- Answers being prepared about Kudankulam nplant
- India unveils duty cuts for SAARC LDCs, says let's trust each other (Second Lead)
- Tripura's Left government has to be voted out:
 Rahul
- Mamata-SRK's

- Pictures of '2005 YU55' asteroid released by NASA
- Britain's oldest worker
 Syd Prior retires at 96
 years
- Single-molecule car unveiled
- Tropical storm Sean could soon become a hurricane
- Moscow may have the tallest Ferris wheel in the world
- Brett Ratner to remake
 'Last American virgin'
- Tito: Murray should be jailed for life
- French officials built a second Paris during WW I to trick Germans
- Toyota recalls 420000 vehicles over steering issue
- Angelina Jolie promotes 'Moneyball' in Tokyo
- Tiger Woods accepts his caddy's apology
- Jacqueline upset with Ashley Madison over using her image without permission
- Rihanna to headline
 Wireless Festival
- Michael Jackson's last words revealed
- Occupy Wall Street protestors plan march from NYC to DC
- US to test its Emergency alert system today
- Michael Lohan charged with domestic violence
- Kasey Kahl denies that he has split with Vienna Girardi
- Hibernian goalkeeper
 Graham Stack arrested
- Analysts feel that Mississippi personhood law goes too far
- Sarkozy calls Israeli PM Netanyahu a liar
- Michelle Duggar is

sonar concept called twin inverted pulse sonar (TWIPS). It uses trains of twinned pairs of sound. They set out to see whether TWIPS would work in practice.

Using a large testing tank, they showed experimentally that TWIPS outperformed standard sonar at detecting a small steel disc under bubbly conditions resembling those found under oceanic breaking waves.

Encouraged by their findings, they next conducted trials at sea aboard the University of Southampton's coastal research vessel the RV Bill Conway.

They compared the ability of TWIPS and standard sonar to discern the seabed in Southampton Water, which handles seven percent of Britain's entire seaborne trade. The seabed in this area varies in depth between 10 and 20 metres.

"TWIPS outperformed standard sonar in the wake of large vessels such as passenger ferries," said co-author Justin Dix of the School of Ocean and Earth Science (SOES) based at the National Oceanography Centre, Southampton.

推荐 成为你朋友中第一个推荐这个的人吧!

_____ Related Stories

 Dolphins inspire a better kind of sonar - Nov 18, 2010

0

- Submarines to employ new nanotube technology for sonar and stealth - Sep 02, 2010
- Now, meet the shrimp that makes more noise than a jumbo jet! - Mar 03, 2011
- Heating of Arctic current contributes to global warming - Aug 16, 2009
- Whale Orca's ears inspire ultrasensitive mike Jun 26, 2011

- charm offensive at Kolkata film fest
- Indian n-plants absolutely safe:
 Atomic panel chief

BNO News

- Arrests made in malware fraud case which infected millions of computers worldwide
- Insurgents kill NATO soldier in southern Afghanistan
- Yahoo!, Microsoft and AOL create ad partnership
- Toyota recalls 420,000 vehicles in the United States
- Rapper Heavy D dies after collapsing at Beverly Hills home
- Boxing legend Joe
 Frazier dies at age
 67
- Stampede kills 16 pilgrims, injures more than 50 in northern India
- White House says 'no evidence' of extraterrestrials

- pregnant with her 20th child
- Election day 2011 kick starts
- Asteroid 2005 yu55 to pass close to Earth today
- Sharon Bialek charges
 Herman Cain of
 inappropriate behavior in
 an interview
- Robert de Niro to star as Bernie Madoff in a new movie

Archives

November 2011

- Smallest bubbles in oceans detected Feb 26, 2010
- 'Nanotube speakers' pave way for silent stealth submarines Jul 15, 2010
- Lasers to "talk" to submarines in future May 20, 2009
- New device uses submarine technology to detect stroke quickly - Mar 30, 2011
- Scientists unearth Great Barrier Reef's 169,000year-old great grandmother - Aug 20, 2010
- Evidence points towards methane seeping from Arctic sea bed Aug 19, 2009
- World's deepest undersea volcanic vents discovered - Apr 12, 2010
- Novel way to identify heart disease earlier during sleep found - Apr 05, 2011
- Underwater robots to get smaller, cheaper and 'independent' - Nov 24, 2010
- Gujarat coral reefs a virtual gold mine Mar 27, 2011

Tags: bill conway, breaking waves, bubble clouds, coastal research vessel, earth science, key goals, leighton, medical imaging, oceanography centre, passenger ferries, seabed, seaborne trade, sonar image, sound pulses, southampton water, steel disc, underwater objects, underwater sonar, university of southampton, vibration research

Posted in Sci-Tech |

Leave a Comment

Name	,
Mail (will not be published)	
Website	
	,

Please note: Comment moderation is enabled and may delay your comment. There is no need to resubmit your comment.

Notify me of follow-up comments via e-mail

Submit Comment

RSS feed for comments on New sonar detects concealed underwater objects

Thaindian News - All Copyrights reserved 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 - Thaindian.com Company Limited